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VERIFICATION OF A TRANSLATION

I, Charles Edward SITCH BA,

Acting Managing Director of RWS Group Ltd, of Europa House, Marsham Way, Gerrards Cross, Buckinghamshire, England declare:

That the translator responsible for the attached translation is knowledgeable in the German language in which the below identified international application was filed, and that, to the best of RWS Group Ltd knowledge and belief, the English translation of the international application No. PCT/DE2005/000497 is a true and complete translation of the above identified international application as filed.

I hereby declare that all the statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the patent application issued thereon.

Date: September 12, 2006

Signature :



For and on behalf of RWS Group Ltd

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Method and apparatus for adjusting the picture
definition on the camera lens of a motion picture
camera

5

Description

The invention relates to a method for adjusting the
picture definition on the camera lens of a motion
10 picture camera in accordance with the preamble of claim
1, and to an apparatus for carrying out the method.

It is known to connect a follow focus, which is
operated manually by a focus puller in order to relieve
15 the cameraman, to the camera lens in order to adjust
the picture definition and to focus images to be
recorded or sequences to be recorded by motion picture
cameras. Either the follow focus is connected
mechanically to the lens ring for adjusting the picture
20 definition of the camera lens, or a drive unit, which
is operated by an electric motor and arranged
horizontally or vertically on the camera lens, uses a
toothed pinion to transmit a torque to the external
teeth of the picture definition lens ring for sharp
25 focussing according to EP 0 575 022 B1.

At the same time, the drive unit for adjusting the
position of the picture definition lens ring can be
used as an apparatus, coupled to the lens ring, for
30 determining the actual state of the lens ring position
according to EP 0 942 305 A1, which apparatus
determines the actual position of the lens ring in
relation to the lens and converts it into a measurement
output signal.

35

The drive unit for picture definition adjustment can be
driven, in accordance with EP 0 574 105 A1, using a
control system comprising a plurality of motor units

for adjusting the zoom, focus and shutter functions,
which motor units are coupled, in accordance with EP 0
575 022 B1, to the lens rings of the camera lens of a
motion picture camera and in which position encoders
5 are integrated, and one or more hand-held operating
units which can be used to adjust, in an analog and/or
electronic fashion, both adjustment values and range
limits. The motor units and the hand-held operating
unit are connected to one another via a serial control
10 and data bus.

Alternatively, in accordance with DE 196 29 484 A1, the connection between the drive units coupled to the lens rings of the camera lens of the motion picture camera and the position encoders with one or more hand-held
5 operating units for adjusting the zoom, picture definition and shutter functions can be provided via a wire-free control and monitoring of camera functions and thus for adjusting the picture definition, in which a camera-side control and detection unit is connected,
10 via line connections, with a focus, zoom and iris drive unit and which includes a radio modem which transmits control signals to a remote-control unit and receives them from the latter. The operator-side control unit has, for focussing and adjusting the picture
15 definition, a handwheel backed by a scale on which range limits for adjusting the picture definition can be adjusted. A potentiometer connected to the handwheel prescribes absolute values as setpoint values for adjusting the picture definition on the camera lens,
20 which values are transmitted, via the radio transmission link, to the camera-side control and detection unit which adjusts the motor or drive unit connected to the picture definition lens rings to the setpoint position prescribed by the operator-side
25 control unit, in order to adjust the picture definition lens ring.

Since manual focussing can be carried out in specific recording situations only with great difficulty, for
30 example at large or very small distances and with very rapid picture definition variations, it is known from DE 42 05 397 A1, for example, to apply automatic focussing, in which an autofocussing unit uses an ultrasonic or laser measurement appliance to detect the
35 distance between an object to be recorded and the motion picture camera, and adjusts the picture definition necessary to focus the image to be recorded

or the sequence to be recorded on the camera lens of the motion picture camera.

In many applications a change-over from automatic focussing to manual focussing is desired. When switching over from the automatic focussing operation to the manual focussing operation, which may be necessary, for example, if an object to be recorded disappears from the image to be recorded and the picture definition is set to infinity, the problem occurs that the picture definition setpoint value, which was prescribed manually and was adjusted on the manual operating unit, is adopted, which setpoint value deviates from the last setpoint value output by the autofocussing device to the drive unit for picture definition adjustment, such that intolerable blurring or undesired picture definition shifts result when

the automatic focussing operation changes over to the manual focussing operation.

5 Based on this, the object of the present invention is to rule out variations in the picture definition adjusted on the camera lens of a motion picture camera when the automatic focussing operation changes over to the manual focussing operation.

10 This object is achieved according to the invention by a method with the features of claim 1.

15 The solution according to the invention ensures that no picture definition variations and in particular no undesired blurring or definition shifts occur when the automatic focussing operation changes over to the manual focussing operation.

20 Since the autofocussing device adjusts the picture definition continuously, readjustment of the autofocussing device is not necessary, and so no undesired blurring in an image to be recorded, which was previously focussed manually, occurs when the manual focussing operation changes over to the
25 automatic focussing operation. If a specific blurring in the image to be recorded was adjusted during the previous manual focussing operation, this specifically adjusted blurring is maintained at the point in time when the manual focussing operation changes over to the
30 automatic focussing operation, and the image to be recorded is subsequently focussed using the autofocussing device.

35 The control signals output by the autofocussing device can adjust or readjust the input or display device of the operating unit continuously or at intervals during the automatic focussing operation.

If the input or display device of the operating unit is continuously readjusted using the setpoint values or control signals output by the autofocussing device, a continuous equalization of, for example, an picture
5 definition handwheel or a scale dial of the operating unit to the setpoint value output by the autofocussing device takes place. Alternatively, the picture definition handwheel or the scale dial of the operating unit is adjusted or readjusted at prescribable
10 intervals to the setpoint value output by the autofocussing

apparatus during the automatic focussing operation.

The input or display device of the operating unit is preferably adjusted before the start of the manual
5 focussing operation using the control signals output by the autofocussing device at the end of the automatic focussing operation.

The control signals or setpoint values output by the
10 autofocussing device during the automatic focussing operation can be output either to an electromechanical actuator of the input or display device or to an electronic control or display device of the operating unit.

15

An electromechanical actuator for the input or display device of the operating unit can comprise a motor/gear unit, a direct drive in the form of an electric motor or ultrasonic motor, or the like. In an electronic
20 control or display device of the operating unit, a slide controller, a contact switch in the fashion of a joystick or the like, for example, are provided as input device and an LED or LCD display of the the adjusted picture definition.

25

In a preferred embodiment of the invention, the input or display device of the operating unit is adjusted to the picture definition adjusted by the autofocussing device when the automatic focussing operation switches
30 over to the manual focussing operation, and the input device of the operating unit is then used to adjust or readjust the picture definition on the camera lens.

An apparatus for carrying out the method according to
35 the invention is characterized by

- at least one drive unit connected to the camera lens of the motion picture camera for adjusting

- the picture definition,
- an operating unit with at least one input device for manually adjusting, readjusting or delimiting the adjustment range of the picture definition and one display unit for displaying the adjusted picture definition and/or the delimitation of the adjustment range of the picture definition,

- 5 - an autofocussing device for measuring the distance from an object to be recorded by the motion picture camera and outputting control signals for controlling the picture definition as a function of the measured distance from the object to be recorded, and
- 10 - a device for adjusting or readjusting the input or display device of the operating unit as a function of the control signals output by the autofocussing device.

15 Irrespective of whether the operating unit employed is a manual follow focus for transmitting rotational movements, a definition adjustment ring of a camera lens or a wired or wire-free transmission from a remote control unit to a lens control of the motion picture camera, this apparatus produces a match between the
20 definition position, determined by the autofocussing device and adjusted on the picture definition lens ring of the camera lens, and the definition position adjusted and displayed on the operating unit, to which end the device for adjusting or readjusting the input
25 or display device of the operating unit moves, as a function of the control signals output by the autofocussing device, the input device, in the form of a manual picture definition handwheel or at least a part of the picture definition handwheel, for example,
30 or the display device, in the form of a scale dial, into a position which corresponds to the control signals output by the autofocussing device, this being done by electric motor or electronically.

35 The apparatus can be configured in various ways, depending on how the drive unit is driven, by using a wired or wire-free connection to a remote control unit or by means of a manual follow focus.

If the drive unit can be driven using an electric line connection or a radio connection by the operating unit in the manual focussing operation and by the autofocussing device in the automatic focussing operation, which autofocussing device, in the automatic focussing operation, outputs control signals both to the drive unit and to the operating unit using electric line connections or a radio connection, the

input device of the operating unit includes in this configuration an electromechanical actuator for outputting position-dependent signals for adjusting or readjusting the picture definition, whose position in relation to a reference position can be varied as a function of the control signals output by the autofocussing device, with the electromechanical actuator preferably comprising a focussing or picture definition handwheel in the form of an absolute encoder.

The display device of the operating unit can comprise a scale dial, in particular a scale dial which can be written on, whose position in relation to a reference position can be varied as a function of the control signals output by the autofocussing device.

In addition, the scale dial can be connected to stops for delimiting the picture definition adjustment range, whose position on the scale dial can be varied as a function of the control signals output by the autofocussing device.

The scale dial and/or the stops for delimiting the picture definition adjustment range are reset using a differential gear mechanism without resetting the input device, or the input device and/or the display device of the operating unit is reset, as a function of the control signals output by the autofocussing device, using a motor/gear arrangement or using a direct drive, in particular using an electric motor or an ultrasonic motor, in order to adjust or readjust the control signal or setpoint value output by the autofocussing device. Here, the input device and/or the display device of the operating unit can be connected to the motor/gear arrangement or to the direct drive via a clutch.

If the operating unit comprises a manual follow focus with an picture definition handwheel and a scale dial with stops for delimiting the picture definition adjustment range, an electric motor can be plugged onto
5 the manual follow focus, which electric motor can be disconnected during the manual focussing operation and can be driven by the autofocussing device in the automatic focussing operation such that the position of the picture definition handwheel and/or the scale dial
10 and/or the stops for delimiting the picture definition adjustment range can be varied as a function of the control signals

output by the autofocussing device. During the manual focussing operation, the electric motor can here be disconnected mechanically or electrically or using a clutch which can be released.

5

In both configurations the operating unit can be connected to a microprocessor via a position encoder, which microprocessor resets the input and/or display device of the operating unit as a function of the control signals output by the autofocussing device using an actuating motor and a gear mechanism, an autofocus contact switch or autofocus switch for initiating the automatic or manual focussing operation being connected to an input of the microprocessor.

15

If an autofocus contact switch is arranged, a transfer of the picture definition setpoint value(s), output by the autofocussing device to the drive unit connected to the camera lens, to the operating unit is triggered, while an autofocus switch activates the automatic focussing operation in a first position, and the manual focussing operation in a second position, the control signals of the autofocussing device being applied to the operating unit in the first position of the autofocus switch and/or when the autofocus switch is switched over from the first into the second position.

20

Further features and advantages of the invention will be explained by reference to exemplary embodiments illustrated in the figures of the drawing, in which:

25

Figure 1 shows a schematic illustration of an picture definition adjustment on the camera lens of a motion picture camera in the automatic focussing operation with an autofocussing device, or in the manual focussing operation

30

35

with a manual operating apparatus connected to the motion picture camera via a cable;

5 Figure 2 shows a schematic illustration of an picture definition adjustment on the camera lens of a motion picture camera with a manual follow focus; and

10 Figure 3 shows a schematic illustration of a device for adjusting or readjusting the input or display device of the operating unit.

Figure 1 shows a schematic arrangement of a motion picture camera 1 with a camera lens 2, attached to the camera housing, having three lens rings 31, 32, 33 with external teeth, of which the lens ring 31 is used for picture definition adjustment, the lens ring 32 is used for adjusting the shutter aperture of an iris shutter and the lens ring 33 is used for focal length (zoom) adjustment of the camera lens 2.

Drive units, of which only the drive unit 5 of interest for adjusting the picture definition is shown for better recognizability, are assigned to the lens rings 31, 32, 33. The drive units 5 are here attached to two iris rods 4 connected to the housing of the motion picture camera 1, and respectively engage in the external teeth of the lens ring 31, 32, 33 assigned to them by means of a pinion 50 in order to adjust a predetermined setpoint state of the lens rings 31, 32, 33.

20

The drive units 5 are connected to a control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1 via a cable connection 6. If a control command is output to one of the drive units 5 via the control terminal 15 and the cable connection 6, the drive unit 5 sets the pinion 50, which is driven by an electric motor, in rotary motion until the prescribed setpoint position of the relevant lens ring 31, 32, 33 is reached.

Setpoint values for picture definition adjustment of the camera lens 2 are output optionally by means of a manual operating unit 7 or an autofocussing device 16 connected to the motion picture camera 1, which are connected to the control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1 via electric lines 14 and 17. The manual operating unit 7 has an picture definition handwheel 8, an exchangeable scale dial 9 on which, in

addition or alternatively, dedicated markings can be made, a reference marking 19 and displaceable, mechanically adjustable end stops 10, 11, with which the user can adjust certain corner values of his
5 resetting.

Pressure switches 12 for electronically adjusting and delimiting the range over which the picture definition can be varied, are provided for precise adjustment of
10 the picture definition lens ring 31. In this manner, the adjustment range can be delimited as desired, while the entire rotation range of the picture definition handwheel 8 remains available nevertheless between the adjusted end stops 10, 11 for the delimited range such
15 that the picture definition lens ring 31 can be adjusted extremely precisely, corresponding to a

mechanical follow focus, with a gear reduction for particularly sensitive regulation.

Moreover, delimiting the range of the picture
5 definition adjustment allows for the picture definition
lens ring 31 to be positioned exactly and with accurate
reproduction to the adjustment values defined by the
range limits such that work can proceed with defined
start and end conditions if scenes to be recorded are
10 repeated.

A further contact switch 13 is used for automatically
calibrating the end stops of the picture definition
lens ring 31 so as to protect the lens stop.

15 The autofocussing device 16 includes a distance
measurement device for determining the distance of an
object to be recorded from the motion picture camera 1
using infrared or ultrasound measurement, and a
20 setpoint value encoder for outputting a setpoint value
to a control and regulating device inside the camera or
directly to the drive unit 5 via the control terminal
15 and the cable connection 6 so as to adjust the
picture definition lens ring 31 to the prescribed
25 setpoint position.

An apparatus for determining the actual state of the
position of the lens rings 31, 32, 33 can be provided
in addition to the drive unit 5 or in combination with
30 the drive unit 5, which device determines the current
position of the lens rings 31, 32, 33 in relation to
the camera lens 2 and converts it into a measurement
output signal such that the adjustment movements
executed using the drive units 5 can be controlled and
35 readjusted, if necessary.

An autofocus key 26 arranged on the operating unit 7 is provided for changing over from the automatic focussing operation to the manual focussing operation, and when it is operated the setpoint value output of the manual
5 operating unit 7 replaces the setpoint value output of the autofocussing device 16. The control or setpoint value signal, which is output by the autofocussing device 16 to the drive unit 5 via the control device of the motion picture camera 1, is emitted to the manual
10 operating unit 7 at the same time in order to readjust the setpoint value adjustment on the manual operating unit 7 during, or at the end of, the automatic focussing operation. The control signal can be output to the manual operating unit 7 during

the automatic focussing operation continuously or at prescribed intervals. Alternatively, the adjustment of the manual operating unit 7 can be matched to the last setpoint value output by the autofocussing device 16 when the autofocus key 26 is operated, before the control device of the motion picture camera 1 further processes the setpoint value signals output by the manual operating unit 7 in order to adjust the picture definition lens ring 31 by using the drive unit 5.

A suitable drive device is provided for adjusting or readjusting the operating elements 8 to 11 of the manual operating unit 7, for example a motor/gear unit illustrated in Figure 3, a direct drive or the like.

In order to readjust or adjust the setpoint value, either the picture definition handwheel 8 is adjusted or readjusted using the motor/gear unit 18 according to Figure 3 or using a direct drive by means of an electric motor or ultrasonic motor, or the scale dial 9 and the stops 10, 11 are rotated using a differential gear mechanism without the picture definition handwheel 8 co-rotating during the resetting.

Alternatively, the scale dial 9 can be rotated in conjunction with the stops 10, 11 by the drive device, with the picture definition handwheel 8 having previously been decoupled.

Instead of a cable connection between the manual operating unit 7 and the control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1, cable-free data transmission can be provided using a microwave transceiver, in which the control device of the motion picture camera 1 is connected to a camera-side control and detection unit and to the drive units 5 for resetting the lens rings 31, 32, 33 of the camera lens 2. The operating unit 7,

in this configuration, likewise has an operating handwheel or a plurality of operating handwheels for inputting zoom, iris and/or focussing setpoint values, corresponding scale dials for displaying, and a radio
5 modem, which is connected to an antenna and is used to transmit the setpoint values adjusted on the operating handwheels to the camera-side control and detection unit.

If the setpoint values adjusted on the manual remote control unit are generated using potentiometers, encoding disks or the like, a direct drive or a motor/gear unit is provided for adjusting the operating
5 handwheel or the scale dial and the stops in order to readjust the setpoint values output by the autofocussing device in a manner analogous to the cabled signal transmission described above. In this embodiment, readjustment is also carried out
10 continuously or at intervals or when operating a contact switch for changing over from the automatic focussing operation into the manual focussing operation by inputting the last setpoint value output by the autofocussing device in order to adjust the operating
15 handwheel or the scale dial and the stops before the remote control unit outputs a setpoint value.

Figure 2 schematically illustrates a manual follow focus 7' for transmitting picture definition
20 adjustments on an picture definition handwheel 8' to the picture definition lens ring 31.

The follow focus 7' comprises a resetting carriage 51 having two clamping connections 52 for connecting the
25 follow focus 7' to the iris rods 4 connected to the housing of the motion picture camera 1. The picture definition handwheel 8' is connected, via a drive axle, to a gear unit 5' which contains a pinion 50', which engages in the external teeth 30 of the picture
30 definition lens ring 31 and converts a resetting of the picture definition handwheel 8' directly into a rotation of the picture definition lens ring 31. The gear unit 5' contains, for example, mutually connected spur gear wheels or belt drives for redirecting the
35 rotary motion of the picture definition handwheel 8' to the pinion 50' in accordance with DE 94 15 170 U1.

The follow focus 7' furthermore comprises a scale dial 9' (which can likewise be written on) and a reference marking 19 for displaying the picture definition setpoint value which is adjusted in each case.

5

An adapter 53 is arranged on the resetting carriage 51 and connected to the control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1 via a line 25. A direct drive or a motor/gear unit (illustrated in Figure 3), which
10 readjusts or adjusts the readjusted operating element of the follow focus 7' continuously or at intervals, is provided for readjusting the picture definition handwheel 8 or the scale dial 9.

In the case of the manual follow focus, as well, an autofocus contact switch 26 can be provided on the follow focus 7' via which the automatic focussing operation is changed over to the manual focussing operation and the relevant operating element 8, 9 of the follow focus 7' is adjusted or readjusted to the last setpoint value of the autofocus device before the follow focus 7' outputs a setpoint value.

Figure 3 shows an exemplary embodiment of an electronically controlled motor/gear unit 18 for adjusting or readjusting an operating unit 7, 7' in accordance with the above-described exemplary embodiments, which operating unit is intended to be used particularly if the relevant operating unit includes no electromotive drive for outputting a setpoint value. The motor/gear unit 18 can either be integrated in the manual operating unit 7 according to Figure 1 or can, for example, be plugged onto the manual follow focus 7' according to Figure 2 in order to readjust or adjust the picture definition handwheel 8' or the scale dial 9'.

The motor/gear unit 18 includes a microcomputer 20, which is connected, via a line 25, to the control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1 according to Figure 1 and, on the input side, to an autofocus contact switch or autofocus switch 26 for switching from the automatic focussing operation into the manual focussing operation or vice versa. The microcomputer 20 drives a actuating motor 21 connected, via a gear mechanism 22, to the resetting shaft 23 of the picture definition handwheel 8 and/or the scale dial 9. A differential gear mechanism or a clutch can be provided between the picture definition handwheel 8 and the scale dial 9, via which gear mechanism or clutch the picture definition handwheel 8

can be decoupled such that the scale dial 9 with stops, which may be attached thereto, can be reset via the gear mechanism 22 by the electric motor 21 in accordance with the control signals output by the
5 microcomputer 20, without co-rotation of the picture definition handwheel 8.

A reference marking 19 is arranged on the circumference of the scale dial 9 from which the respectively
10 adjusted picture definition setpoint value can be read off.

The resetting shaft 23 is connected to the microcomputer 20 via a position encoder 24 for
15 outputting actual value signals of the adjusted position. The position encoder 24 can,

for example, comprise a potentiometer or an absolute encoder with an optoelectronic or electromagnetic detection system.

5 For readjusting the operating unit in accordance with the setpoint values output by the autofocussing device 16 according to Figure 1, the microcomputer 20 receives the respective control signal from the control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1 via the line 25, and
10 activates the electric motor 21 in one rotary direction or the other, such that the picture definition handwheel 8 or the scale dial 9 is adjusted via the gear mechanism 22, in accordance with the prescribed setpoint value of the autofocussing device 16. The
15 position of the picture definition handwheel 8 or the scale dial 9 is detected by the position encoder 24, and the actual value detected in this manner is processed for fine-tuning the adjustment of the operating unit.

20 For adjusting the picture definition handwheel 8 or the scale dial 9 to the setpoint value output by the autofocussing device when the automatic focussing operation is changed over to the manual focussing
25 operation, the setpoint value last output by the autofocussing device is fed, via the control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1 and the line 25, to the microcomputer 20 when the autofocuss contact switch 21 is operated, which microcomputer 20 appropriately
30 adjusts the picture definition handwheel 8 or the scale dial 9 via the electric motor 21 and the gear mechanism 22 as well as the resetting shaft 23, before, in the manual focussing operation, the setpoint values, adjusted on the picture definition handwheel 8, for
35 adjusting the picture definition are emitted, using the position encoder 24, to the control terminal 15 of the motion picture camera 1.

The design of the invention is not limited to the preferred exemplary embodiments specified above. Rather, a multiplicity of variants which make use of the inventive method are conceivable even in designs of

5 a fundamentally different nature.

Reference list

- | | | |
|----|--------|------------------------------|
| | 1 | motion picture camera |
| | 2 | camera lens |
| 5 | 4 | iris rods |
| | 5 | drive unit |
| | 6 | cable connection |
| | 7 | manual operating unit |
| | 7' | follow focus |
| 10 | 8, 8' | picture definition handwheel |
| | 9, 9' | scale dial |
| | 10, 11 | adjustable end stops |
| | 12 | pressure switch |
| | 13 | contact switch |
| 15 | 14 | electric line |
| | 15 | control terminal |
| | 16 | autofocussing device |
| | 17 | electric line |
| | 18 | motor/gear unit |
| 20 | 19 | reference marking |
| | 20 | microcomputer |
| | 21 | actuating motor |
| | 22 | gear mechanism |
| | 23 | resetting shaft |
| 25 | 24 | position encoder |
| | 25 | line |
| | 30 | external teeth |
| | 31 | picture definition lens ring |
| | 32 | shutter aperture lens ring |
| 30 | 33 | focal length lens ring |
| | 50 | pinion |
| | 51 | resetting carriage |
| | 52 | clamping connections |
| | 53 | adapter |